# Chapter 2 Specifications

Specifications describe the instrument's warranted performance and apply within  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C and 2 hours of last self-calibration. Specifications designated as "Typical" reflect supplemental, non-warranted characteristics.

Amplitude Input Range:			Common Mode Rejection:	(Frequency $\leq 1 \text{ kH}$	(z)	
mput Kange:				-51 to -11 dBV Rang (3.99 mVpk to 399 r	ges > 80 dB (Typical) nVpk)	
-	<b>7</b> 0 ID				-9 to +9 dBV Range (502 mVpk to 3.99 V	
Dynamic Range:	70 dB The following un will be < -70 dB i input range:				+11 to +27 dBV Rar (5.02 Vpk to 31.7 Vj	nges > 40 dB (Typical) ok)
	Harmonic Distor Intermodulation Alias Responses Spurious or Resid	Distortion	5es	Crosstalk :	<ul> <li>&lt; -130 dB relative to signal, or</li> <li>&lt; -70 dB receiving channel rais greater.</li> <li>(Receiving channel</li> </ul>	relative to the ange, whichever
Noise:	(-51 dBV range, ]		-		NOTE: This specific	cation applies to both and source-to-input
	160 Hz to 1.28 k		BV/√Hz V/√Hz)		crosstalk.	and source to input
	1.28 kHz to 102.4		dBV/√Hz µV/√Hz)	Residual DC Response:	Input Range (dBV)	DC Level
NOTE: The following table shows the maximum span for each range at which noise will be $< -70$ dB relative to full				+ 27 to -35 (31.7 Vpk to 25.1 mVpk)	< -30 dB relative to full scale	
scale for frequencies > 1.28 kHz. If you are using a span equal to or narrower than the spans shown below for each window/range combination,		to or wn below		-37 to -51 (20.0 mVpk to 3.99 mVpk)	< -20 dB relative to full scale	
	noise will not lin				$(\text{Rs} = 50\Omega)$	
	Window Types			Absolute Amplitude Accuracy:	$\pm 0.5 \text{ dB} \pm 0.03 \%$ (488 µHz to 102.4 k	V .
Ranges (dB	V) Uniform	Hann	Flat Top	Accuracy.	Worst case absolute	amplitude accuracy
+27 to -39 -41 -43 -45 -47 -49 -51	102.4 kHz 102.4 kHz 102.4 kHz 102.4 kHz 51.2 kHz 25.6 kHz 25.6 kHz	102.4 kHz 102.4 kHz 102.4 kHz 51.2 kHz 51.2 kHz 25.6 kHz 12.8 kHz	102.4 kHz 51.2 kHz 51.2 kHz 25.6 kHz 12.8 kHz 12.8 kHz 6.4 kHz		is the sum of full scale accuracy, linearity, and flatness at any of the 401 calculated frequency points. If the input signal is not at the center of a frequency bin, the accuracy of the measured signal will be the sum of absolute amplitude accuracy and the flatness specification for that particular window (see window shape parameters).	
					Full Scale Accuracy (at 1 kHz)	
					Linearity: ±0.15 dE (at 1 kHz)	
					Flatness: $\pm 0.2 \text{ dB}$	

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(relative to 1 kHz, DC coupled)

Frequency Measurement Range:	Channel 1: 488 $\mu$ Hz to 102.4 kHz, single channel mode Channel 1 and 2: 244 $\mu$ Hz to 51.2 kHz, dual channel mode.			
Accuracy:	± 0.003% of frequency reading			
Resolution:	Span/400, both channels, single or dual channel operation.			
Spans:	Single Channel	Dual Channel		
# of spans available min. span max. span time record length	195.3 mHz 102.4 kHz 400/span	20 (x2 sequence) 97.6 mHz 51.2 kHz 400/span		
Window Functions:	Flat Top, Hann, Uniform, Force, Exponential			

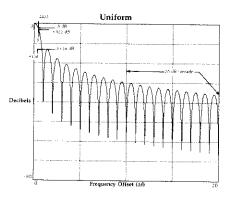
#### Window Shape

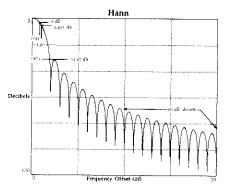
Parameters:	Noise Equiv. BW (% of span)	-3dB BW (% of span)	Shape Factor (-60dB BW/ -3 dB BW )	Window Flatness (dB)*
Uniform	0.25	0.25	716	+0, -4.0
Hann	0.375	0.37	9.1	+0, -1.5
Flat Top	0.955	0.9	2.6	± 0.005

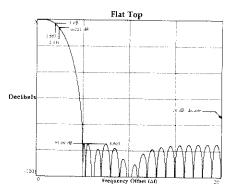
\* relative to analyzer's 401 calculated frequency points (spectral lines)

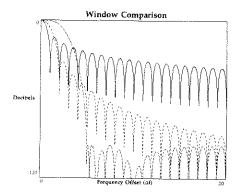
The HP 35660A functions as if the input signal were applied to a bank of 401 narrow-band filters in parallel. The drawings at right show the response of a single filter in the frequency domain when using Uniform, Hann or Flat Top windows. The left side of each drawing represents the center of the filter. The horizontal axis shows frequency offset (in unit of  $\Delta f$ ) from the center of the filter. The units of  $\Delta f$  represent the spacing between adjacent bin centers. Only positive offsets are shown, as each filter is symmetrical. NOTE: HP 35660A marker frequencies fall at the center of each filter.

Typical Realtime Bandwidth:		
(random noise source off)	Single Channel	Dual Channel
Averaging Off Fast Averaging	800 Hz 3.2 kHz	400 Hz 1.6 kHz









Diana		Source	
Phase Single Channel Phase Accuracy:	488 uHz to 10.24 kHz $\pm 4.0^{\circ}$ (relative to external trigger, 16 vector averages, amplitude $\geq$ -50 dB relative to full scale, DC coupled)	Source	Random, periodic chirp, fixed sine outputs are available from the front panel SOURCE output.
	NOTE: For Hann or Flat Top windows, phase is relative to the center of the time record. For the Uniform, Force, and	Output Impedance:	< 50
	Exponential windows, phase is relative to the beginning of the time record.	Max. Output Level	: ± 5 Vpk
Frequency		Max. Current:	± 20 mA
<b>Response</b> Gain Accuracy:	± 0.4 dB	Max. Capacitive Load:	1000 pF
Phase Accuracy:	$\begin{array}{ll} 488 \text{ uHz to } 10.24 \text{ kHz} & \pm 1^{\circ} \\ 10.24 \text{ kHz to } 102.4 \text{ kHz} & \pm 1.8^{\circ} \end{array}$	Sine:	Frequency range: 15.63 mHz to 102.4 kHz
	(DC coupled, 16 <b>rms</b> averages, <b>488 μHz</b> to 51.2 kHz, Ch1 range = Ch2 range, full scale periodic chirp input, Uniform window)		Amplitude Accuracy: ±4% Vpk (at 1 kHz, Vpk = .1V to 5V)
			Flatness: $\pm 1.0 \text{ dB}$ (relative to 1 kHz, Vpk= .1V to 5V)
Inputs			
Connection:	Grounded or Floating		Harmonic, subharmonic, and other spurious responses:
Input Impedance:	$1~M\Omega~\pm 10\%$ shunted by < 100 pF		<b>488 μHz</b> to 10 kHz: < -60 dB relative to fundamental
	Low to chassis in floating mode: 1 M $\Omega$ shunted by < 0.01 $\mu$ F (Typical)		10 kHz to 102.4kHz: < -40 dB relative to fundamental
	Low to chassis in grounded mode: 50 Ω		(Vpk=0.1V  to  5V)
	(Typical)		Residual DC offset: ± 8.0 mV, ± 6.0% Vpk
Input Coupling:	AC or DC coupling; AC roll-off is < 3 dB at 1 Hz	Random:	Flatness: < 5.0 dB (Typical) (passband, relative to minimum
Common Mode Range:	± 4V peak (floating mode)		amplitude in the trequency domain, Vpk = .1V to 5V, full span)
			Crest factor (Vpk/Vrms): 2.5 (Typical) (center frequency > 0.7 * span frequency)

Trigger Internal:	Positive or negative slope Level range: ± 100% of input range	Power:	90 - 132 VAC, 48 to 440 Hz 198 - 264 VAC, 48 to 66 Hz 280 VA maximum
External:	TTL, positive or negative slope	Weight:	22 kg (47 lbs) net 24 kg (52 lbs) shipping
Delay:	Pre-trigger: from 0 to 6 samples less than 8 time records. Resolution is 1 sample.	Dimensions:	222 mm (8.75 in) high 425.5 mm (16.75 in) wide 538 mm (21.19 in) deep
	Post-trigger: from 0 to 8191 seconds. Resolution is 1 sample.	HP-1B:	Implementation of IEEE Std 488.1 & 488.2 SH1 AH1 T6 TE0 L4 LE0 SR1 RL1 PP0 DC1 DT1 C1,C2,C3,C12 E2
	(1 sample = time record (secs)/1024) NOTE: the relative trigger delay between		Disc Drives: SS/80 Protocol Disc Drives
	NOTE: the relative trigger delay between channel 1 and 2 can be no more than $\pm$ 7 time records. As you set delay on one channel, the analyzer will automatically adjust delay on the other channel, so that the difference in their	Peripherals:	Plotters: Hewlett-Packard Graphics Language (HP-GL) digital plotters
			Printers: HP-IB printers, alpha and raster dumps.
delay does not exceed 7 time records.			(See ordering guide for a list of peripherals and accessories.)

## General

Environmental Specifications:

## Standard Instrument:

incations;			Abbreviations:	dBV = dB relative to 1 volt rms.
	Operating	Storage (no disc in dríve)	i toole viiddina.	Rs = Resistance of source or termination connected to input.
Temperature	5 to 50 C	-20 to 60 C		
Humidity	min. 8% max. 80% at 30 C non-condensing	5 to 95% non-condensing		
Altitude	2150 m (7000 ft)	15,200 m (50,000 ft)		

## **Delete Disc Option:**

	Operating	Storage
Temperature	0 to 55 C	-40 to 70 C
Humidity	min. 5% max. 95% at 40 °C	min. 5% max. 95% at 40 °C
Altitude	4570 m (15,000 ft)	15,200 m (50,000 ft)